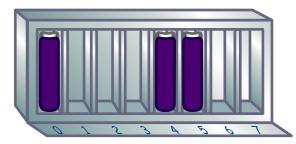


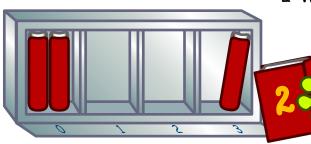
Just as bookshelves come in different shapes and sizes, caches can also take on a variety of forms and capacities. But no matter how large or small they are, caches fall into one of three categories: direct mapped, n-way set associative, and fully associative.



Direct Mapped

Memory Address	Tag	Index	Offset	
	A cache block can only go in one spot in the			

a cache block can only go in one spot in the cache. It makes a cache block very easy to find, but it's not very flexible about where to put the blocks.



2-Way Set Associative

Tag	Index	Offset					
This cache is made up of sets that can fit two blocks each. The index is now used to find the set, and the tag helps find the block within the set.							

4-Way Set Associative

ন	Tag	Index	Offset
	Each set here fits four blocks, so there are fewer sets. As such, fewer index bits are needed.		



